AP WORLD HW#37  
Jonathan Quang  
King Leopold - King of Belgium 1865 - 1909. Active in encouraging the exploration of Central Africa and became the infarmous ruler of the Congo Free State to 1908  
Neoclolnialism - economic imperatilism - domination of newly indepenndent countrites by foreign business interests that cuases colonial style economies to continue, which often caused monoculture  
Fidel Castro - Cuban revolutionary leader who overthrew the regime of the dictator Batista in 1959 and soon after established a COmmunist state  
KHubilai Khan - Reigned in China after establishing the Yuan Dynasty; he actively pormoted Buddhism; descendant of Chinggis Khan  
Forbidden City: Built in the Ming Dynasty was a moument in Beijung built for Yonglo. ALl commoners and foreigners were forbidden to enter without special permission  
Josiah Wedgwood: English industrialist whose pottery works were the first to produce high quality pottery with a factory like method  
Persian Wars: A series of wars between the Greeks (mainly Athens) and the Persians in which the Greeks were generally victorious  
Abbasid Caliphate: 750-1258 CE The caliphate after the Umayyads, who focused more on adminstration than conquering. Government allowed for any Muslim to join.  
Umayyads: The first hereditary dyansty of Muslim caliphs (661 to 750). Capital in Damascus. Ruled from Spain to India. Overthrown by above  
Ghana: 1st kown kingdom in sub-Saharan West Africa between 600-1300. Gold coast. Gold and Salt trade